Mexico's participation on AHELO



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Dra. Patricia Rosas Chávez, UDG MC Luz María Nieto Caraveo, UASLP

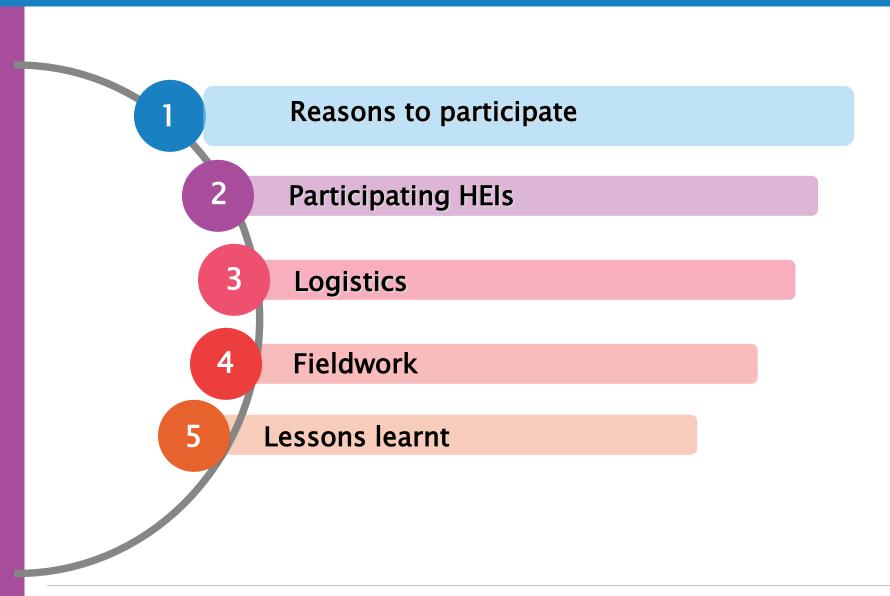








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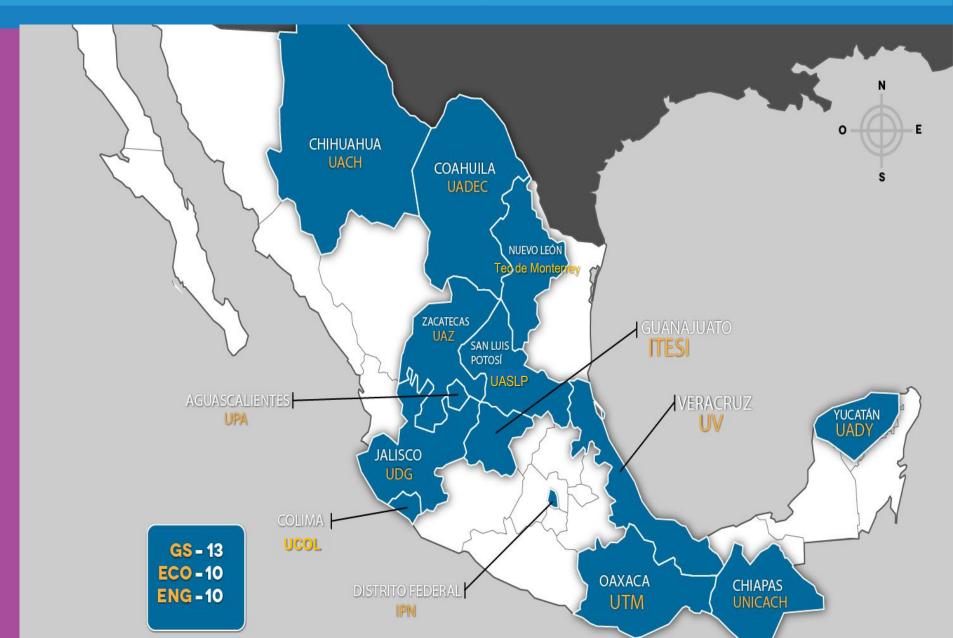


Reasons to participate



- The need to emphasize from qualitative approaches the evaluation of results to measure the development of student skills
- In a country characterized by diversity
- In a diverse higher education system
- In a country with a high demand for higher education.

14 participanting HEIs



14 participating HEIs

- Universidad Autónoma de San Luis Potosí (UASLP)
- Universidad de Guadalajara (UDG)
- Universidad Autónoma de Yucatán (UADY)
- Entre Tecnológico de Monterrey
 - Instituto Politécnico Nacional (IPN)
 - Instituto Tecnológico Superior de Irapuato (ITESI)
 - Universidad Autónoma de Chihuahua (UACH)
 - Universidad Autónoma de Coahuila (UAC)
 - Universidad Autónoma de Colima (UCOL)
 - Universidad Autónoma de Zacatecas (UAZ)
 - Universidad de Ciencias y Artes de Chiapas (UNICACH)
 - Muniversidad Politécnica de Aguascalientes (UPA)
 - Universidad Tecnológica de la Mixteca (UTM)
 - Universidad Veracruzana (UV)



Logistics



- The Ministry of Education provided financial support, guidance and advice
- Four teams from public universities contributed in kind and non financial way
- An IR for each HEI was appointed since many of them joined more than one strand
- An IC for each strand was designated and as many TAs as needed
- 84 people were involved
- 11 national meetings worked with the coordinating team.
- Two national briefing were organized with participant HEI's
- Two national training workshop were delivered for ICs
- Six processes were carried out: Sampling, training, test system, testing, scoring and reporting.

Fieldwork

	GS	ENG	ECO
Student sample	2,472	825	541
Student tested	1,842	678	402
Response rate	75%	82%	80%
Faculty	400	366	217
ICs	13	10	10
TAs	56	29	23
Sessions	68	23	21

- High interest, commitment & enthusiasm from authorities, faculty and students
- Students showed their appreciation for this type of test
- Short time available for fieldwork
 - Training in 4 days
 - Testing in 3 weeks
 - Scoring in 2 weeks

Fieldwork



- All technical incidents were properly solved.
- It was a short time period available to revise the frameworks and conceptualize the evaluation. Although much more time was devoted to the first phase (adaptation and translation).
- The design of instruments was clearly conceptualized and methodologically sound.
- The support materials were delivered in a rush thus very little time was left for translations and training.
- We observed a good coordination between the national team and the consortia
- After testing there was little involvement of the national teams in the analysis.

Lessons learnt



- LOE is promising in Mexico
- HEIs consider this evaluation approach a valuable tool for taking decisions and improving quality of education
- There is some concern about using the results of this evaluation as a mean for ranking and allocating resources among HEIs
- A more horizontal perspective, as well as more time and better mechanisms of communication are required to deliberate about the evaluation frameworks.

Thank you!

Sumptiment of the superior of http://ahelo.uaslp.mx

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